Second Wanted: $p(x_1|x_2, x_3)$ (full conditional of x_1)

Answer:

$$p(x_1|x_2, x_3) = \frac{p(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{p(x_2, x_3)}$$

$$\propto p(x_1, x_2, x_3)$$

$$= p(x_2|x_1, x_3)p(x_1)p(x_3)$$

$$\propto p(x_2|x_1, x_3)p(x_1)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi/x_3}} \exp\left\{-\frac{(x_2 - 47 + 11x_1)^2}{1/x_3}\right\} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}\pi}} \exp\left\{-\frac{(x_1 - 3)^2}{\frac{1}{2}}\right\}$$

$$\propto \exp\left\{-x_3(x_2 - 47 + 11x_1)^2 - 2(x_1 - 3)^2\right\}$$

$$-2 \log p(x_1|x_2, x_3) = 2x_3 \{11 x_1 + (x_2 - 47)\}^2 + 4(x_1 - 3)^2 + \text{const}$$

= $2x_3 \{121 x_1^2 + 22 x_1(x_2 - 47)\} + 4(x_1^2 - 6x_1) + \text{const}$
= $2(121x_3 + 2)x_1^2 + 2\{22x_3(x_2 - 47) - 12\}x_1 + \text{const}$

With respect to Result 2.5 in the notes we have:

$$A = 2(121x_3 + 2)$$
 and $B = 2\{22x_3(x_2 - 47) - 12\},$

which gives

$$\frac{-B}{2A} = \frac{12 - 22x_3(x_2 - 47)}{2(121x_3 + 2)}.$$

and so

$$x_1 | x_2, x_3 \sim N\left(\frac{12 - 22x_3(x_2 - 47)}{2(121x_3 + 2)}, \frac{1}{2(121x_3 + 2)}\right).$$